UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS SHERMAN DIVISION

George Kenneth Schopp,	§	
Plaintiff,	§ §	
,	§	CA No.: 4:19-cv-97
	§	
V.	§	
	§	Class Action
Venture 475, LLC, a New York	§	Jury Demanded
limited liability company D/B/A	§	
Synergy Capital 1, LLC,	§	

Defendant.

PLAINTIFF GEORGE KENNETH SCHOPP'S INDIVIDUAL AND CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

George Kenneth Schopp ("Plaintiff") brings this action to enforce the consumer-privacy provisions of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), a federal statute enacted in 1991 in response to widespread public outrage about the proliferation of intrusive, nuisance telemarketing practices. *See Mims v. Arrow Fin. Servs., LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740, 745 (2012). He is also suing under Section 305-053(c) of the Texas Business & Commerce Code.

1. Background

- 1.1. "Voluminous consumer complaints about abuses of telephone technology
 - for example, computerized calls dispatched to private homes prompted

Congress to pass the TCPA." *Id.* at 744. In enacting the TCPA, Congress intended to give consumers a choice as to how creditors and telemarketers may call them. Thus, and as applicable here, Section 227(b)(1)(A)(iii) of the TCPA specifically prohibits the making of "any call (other than a call made for emergency purposes or made with the prior express consent of the called party) using any automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice ... to any telephone number assigned to a ... cellular telephone service[.]"

1.2. Plaintiff's residential telephone number (469-XXX-1358, the "Telephone Number") is/was listed on the national Do Not Call Registry, a list explicitly designed to protect the public from these kind of intrusive telemarketing calls. Venture 475, LLC, a New York limited liability company D/B/A Synergy Capital 1, LLC ("Venture 475" or "Defendant") or its telemarketing representative or lead generator called Plaintiff's residential phone on approximately 12 occasions beginning on September 13, 2018, and made marketing solicitations, i.e., calls for the purpose of the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services.

1.3. Because Plaintiff had not given his consent to receive these calls from

Defendant, these calls violated the TCPA and the Do Not Call Registry

laws and regulations.

1.4. This is the exact scenarios Congress attempted to prevent in enacting the

TCPA. Plaintiff now seeks this Court's intervention and help in attempting

to prohibit this unlawful conduct.

1.5. Because the calls were transmitted using technology capable of generating

hundreds of thousands of telemarketing calls per day, and because

telemarketing campaigns generally place calls to hundreds of thousands or

even millions of potential customers en masse, Plaintiff brings this action on

behalf of a proposed nationwide class of other persons who received illegal

telemarketing calls from or on behalf of Defendant.

1.6. A class action is the best means of obtaining redress for the Defendant's

wide scale illegal telemarketing and is consistent both with the private right

of action afforded by the TCPA and the fairness and efficiency goals of Rule

23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

2. Parties

2.1. Plaintiff is a resident of this District. The calls were received in this District.

2.2. Venture 475 is a limited liability company that solicits business in the State of Texas. Defendant can be served by serving its registered agent, National Registered Agents Inc., 160 Greentree Drive., Suite 101, Dover, DE 19904.

3. Jurisdiction and Venue

- 3.1. The Court has federal question subject matter jurisdiction over these TCPA claims. *Mims v. Arrow Financial Services*, *LLC*, 132 S. Ct. 740 (2012).
- 3.2. Supplemental jurisdiction exits pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367.
- 3.3. Venue is proper because the Plaintiff is a resident of this District and Defendant has sufficient contacts in this State and District to subject it to personal jurisdiction. Defendant made calls to a resident of this District.

4. Article III Standing

- 4.1. Plaintiff has Article III standing for his claim under the TCPA. Spokeo, Inc., v. Thomas Robins, 136 S. Ct. 1540 (2016). See also, Morris v. Hornet Corp., No. 4:17-CV-00350, 2018 WL 4781273 (E.D. Tex. Sept. 14, 2018), report and recommendation adopted, No. 4:17-CV-00350, 2018 WL 4773547 (E.D. Tex. Oct. 3, 2018)
- 4.2. Plaintiff was harmed by Defendant's actions of calling his residential phone while his number was on the Do Not Call Registry, without consent in the following manners:
 - 4.2.1. Plaintiff's privacy was invaded by Defendant;

- 4.2.2. Plaintiff was harassed and abused by Defendant's telephone calls;
- 4.2.3. Defendant's calls were a nuisance to Plaintiff;
- 4.2.4. Plaintiff's phone was unavailable for other use while processing the illegal calls from Defendant;
- 4.2.5. Defendant illegally seized Plaintiff's telephone line while it made illegal calls to Plaintiff's cellular telephone;
- 4.2.6. Plaintiff's telephone line was occupied by multiple unauthorized calls from Defendant;
- 4.2.7. Defendant's seizure of Plaintiff's telephone line was intrusive; and
- 4.2.8. Plaintiff was inconvenienced by Defendant's calls, by among other things, hearing his ring and having to check the calling party.

5. Factual Allegations; Defendant placed telemarketing calls to the Plaintiff

- 5.1. Plaintiff is the owner of and user of the cellular telephone number 469-XXX-1358. The cellular number is used as a residential phone number. Each of the telephone calls referenced below was made to Plaintiff's residential telephone number 469-XXX-1358. None of the calls at issue were placed by Defendant to Plaintiff's phone number for "emergency purposes."
- 5.2. Beginning on September 13, 2018, Plaintiff began receiving telephone calls directly from Defendant or from Defendant's telemarketing

- representatives who made the telephone calls as the agent for and on behalf of Defendant (all references herein to Defendant include Defendant's telemarketing representatives).
- 5.3. The telephone calls were for the purpose of encouraging the purchase or rental of, or investment in, property, goods, or services. Specifically, Defendant was seeking to loan money to Plaintiff.
- 5.4. Plaintiff is not a customer of Defendant and has not provided Defendant with his written consent to be called.
- 5.5. All the calls were placed to a telephone number that Plaintiff had listed on the National Do Not Call Registry for more than 31 days prior to the calls.
- 5.6. All of the calls were made by Defendant or Defendant's authorized agents and partners in Defendant's solicitation scheme. Thus, all of the calls were made on behalf of Defendant.
- 5.7. All of the call originated from or displayed the phone number 646-661-2726.
- 5.8. Calls were made by Defendant to the Telephone Number on 9-13-2018, 9-14-2018, 9-17-2018, 9-19-2018, 9-20-2018, 9-27-2018, 10-2-2018, 10-10-2018, 10-11-2018, 10-15-2018 (two calls) and 10-22-2018.

- 5.9. Plaintiff answered some of the calls, there was silence, an agent then came on the line. These facts are consistent with the use of an automatic telephone dialing system ("ATDS").
- 5.10. During the 9-20-2018 call, Plaintiff told the caller that he "sues telemarketers" and "don't call again."
- 5.11. During the 10-2-2018 call, Plaintiff told the caller not to call again.
- 5.12. During the October 11, 2018 call, Plaintiff told the caller he sued telemarketers.
- 5.13. All of the calls were willful and knowing violations of the TCPA.
- 6. Class Action Allegations
- 6.1. As authorized by Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of a class of all other persons or entities similarly situated throughout the State of Texas.
- 6.2. The class of persons Plaintiff proposes to represent with respect to Count

 Three is tentatively defined as:
 - 6.2.1. Do Not Call Registry Class: All persons in the state of Texas from four years prior to the filing of this action through the present who (1) Defendant (or an agent acting on behalf of Defendant) called where the telephone number had been listed on the National Do Not Call Registry for at least thirty days; (2) for the purpose of selling Defendant's products and services; and (3) for whom Defendant claims it (a) obtained prior express written consent in the same manner as Defendant claims it supposedly obtained prior express written

consent to call the Plaintiff, or (b) did not obtain prior express written consent.

- 6.3. The class as defined above is identifiable through phone records and phone number databases.
- 6.4. Plaintiff does not know the exact number of members in the proposed class, but reasonably believes based on the scale of Defendant's business, and the number of calls that he received, that the class are so numerous that individual joinder would be impracticable. The potential class members number at least in the hundreds or thousands.
- 6.5. Plaintiff and all members of the proposed class have been harmed by the acts of Defendant in the form of multiple involuntary telephone and electrical charges, the aggravation, nuisance, and invasion of privacy that necessarily accompanies the receipt of unsolicited and harassing telephone calls, and violations of their statutory rights.
- 6.6. Plaintiff is a member of the class.
- 6.7. There are questions of law and fact common to Plaintiff and to the proposed classes, including but not limited to the following:
 - 6.7.1. Whether Defendant violated the TCPA or the TBCC by engaging in advertising by unsolicited telemarketing calls;

- 6.7.2. Whether Defendant or its agents, within the four years before the filing of the initial Complaint, made one or more one telemarketing calls to individuals in the State of Texas whose telephone number had been registered on the Do Not Call Registry for more than 31 days and made such calls without the consent of the recipient of the call.
- 6.7.3. Whether the Plaintiff and the class members are entitled to statutory damages as a result of Defendant's actions.
- 6.8. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of class members.
- 6.9. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the class because his interests do not conflict with the interests of the class, he will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class, and he is represented by counsel skilled and experienced in class actions, including TCPA class actions.
- 6.10. The actions of Defendant are generally applicable to the class as a whole and to Plaintiff.
- 6.11. Common questions of law and fact predominate over questions affecting only individual class members, and a class action is the superior method for fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy. The only individual question concerns identification of class members, which will be ascertainable from records maintained by Defendant and/or its agents.

- 6.12. The likelihood that individual members of the class will prosecute separate actions is remote due to the time and expense necessary to prosecute an individual case.
- 6.13. Plaintiff is not aware of any litigation concerning this controversy already commenced by others who meet the criteria for class membership described above.

7. Count One: Violation of the TCPA's ATDS provisions as to Plaintiff individually

- 7.1. Plaintiff incorporates the allegations from all previous paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 7.2. The Defendant violated the TCPA by initiating telephone solicitations to Plaintiff's cell phone numbers with the use of an ATDS.
- 7.3. The Defendant's violations were knowing/willful as Defendant was spoofing the calling phone numbers and had no prior business with Plaintiff.
- 7.4. Relief Sought: For himself, Plaintiff requests the following relief:
 - 7.4.1. That Defendant be restrained from engaging in future telemarketing in violation of the TCPA.

- 7.4.2. That Defendant, and its agents, or anyone acting on its behalf, be immediately restrained from altering, deleting or destroying any documents or records that could be used to identify class members.
- 7.4.3. That the Plaintiff be awarded statutory damages of \$500 for each violation, with triple damages for any willful or knowing violation, as provided by the law.
- 7.4.4. That the Plaintiff recover his attorneys' fees and costs.
- 7.4.5. That the Plaintiff be granted other relief as is just and equitable under the circumstances.

8. Count Two: Violation of the TCPA's Do Not Call provisions to Plaintiff individually

- 8.1. Plaintiff incorporates the allegations from all previous paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 8.2. Defendant made more than one unsolicited telephone call to Plaintiff within a 12-month period without his prior express consent to receive such calls. Plaintiff never provided any form of consent to receive telephone calls from Defendant and do not have a current record of consent to place telemarketing calls to his registered phone number.

- 8.3. The Defendant violated the TCPA by initiating telephone solicitations to persons and entities whose telephone numbers were listed on the Do Not Call Registry. *See* 47 U.S.C. § 227(c); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(c)(2).
- 8.4. Defendant also violated 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(d) by failing to have a written policy of dealing with do not call requests, by failing to inform or train its personnel engaged in telemarketing regarding the existence and/or use of any do not call list, and by failing to internally record and honor do not call requests.
- 8.5. The Defendant's violations were knowing/willful as Defendant was spoofing the calling phone numbers and had no prior business with Plaintiff. Defendant did not subscribe to or utilize the Do Not Call database.
- 8.6. Relief Sought: For himself and all class members, Plaintiff requests the following relief:
 - 8.6.1. That Defendant be restrained from engaging in future telemarketing in violation of the TCPA.
 - 8.6.2. That Defendant, and its agents, or anyone acting on its behalf, be immediately restrained from altering, deleting or destroying any documents or records that could be used to identify class members.

- 8.6.3. That the Plaintiff be awarded statutory damages of \$500 for each violation, with triple damages for any willful or knowing violation, as provided by the law.
- 8.6.4. That the Plaintiff recover his attorneys' fees and costs.
- 8.6.5. That the Plaintiff be granted other relief as is just and equitable under the circumstances.
- 9. Count Three: Violation of Tex. Bus. & Com. Code, Chapter 305 ("TBCC") individually and on behalf of the class
 - 9.1. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs as though fully stated herein.
 - 9.2. Plaintiff is a "person" as defined by Texas Business & Commerce

 Code § 1-201(b)(27).
 - 9.3. Defendant is a "person" as defined by Texas Business & Commerce

 Code § 1-201(b)(27).
 - 9.4. Pursuant to Section 305-053(a) of the Texas Business & Commerce
 Code, a person who receives a communication that violates 47 U.S.C.
 § 227, or a regulation adopted under that provision, may bring an action against the person who originates the communication for an injunction, damages or both an injunction and damages.

- 9.5. As set forth above Defendant violated 47 U.S.C. § 227, or a regulation adopted under that provision.
- 9.6. Plaintiff is entitled to a permanent injunction to prevent any further violations of the Texas Business & Commerce Code, Chapter 305.
- 9.7. Pursuant to Section 305-053(b) of the Texas Business & Commerce Code, Plaintiff is entitled to the greater of \$500.00 for each violation or Plaintiff's actual damages for each call negligently made by Defendant.
- 9.8. Pursuant to Section 305-053(c) of the Texas Business & Commerce

 Code, Plaintiff is entitled to not more than the greater of \$1,500.00 for
 each violation or three times Plaintiff's actual damages for each
 violation by Defendant that the Court finds was made knowingly or
 intentionally.
- 9.9. Relief Sought: For himself and all class members, Plaintiff requests the following relief:
 - 9.9.1. That Defendant be restrained from engaging in future telemarketing in violation of the TBCC.
 - 9.9.2. That Defendant, and its agents, or anyone acting on its behalf, be immediately restrained from altering, deleting or destroying any documents or records that could be used to identify class members.

- 9.9.3. That the Court certify the claims of the Plaintiff and all other persons similarly situated as class action claims under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and Plaintiff's counsel be named as counsel for the classes.
- 9.9.4. That the Plaintiff and all class members be awarded statutory damages of \$500 for each violation, with triple damages for any willful or knowing violation, as provided by the law.
- 9.9.5. That the Plaintiff recover his attorneys' fees and costs.
- 9.9.6. That the Plaintiff and all class members be granted other relief as is just and equitable under the circumstances.

10. Count Four Injunctive relief to bar future TCPA violations

- 10.1. Plaintiff incorporates the allegations from all previous paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 10.2. The TCPA and the TBCC authorize injunctive relief to prevent further violations of the TCPA.
- 10.3. The Plaintiff respectfully petitions this Court to order the Defendant, and their employees, agents and independent distributors, to immediately cease engaging in unsolicited telemarketing in violation of the TCPA.

11. Jury Demand

11.1. Plaintiff requests a jury trial as to all claims of the complaint so triable.

Respectfully submitted:

By: /s/ Chris R. Miltenberger

Chris R. Miltenberger Texas State Bar Number 14171200

Designated as Lead Attorney

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